

Title 30-A: MUNICIPALITIES AND COUNTIES

Chapter 206: DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS

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Title 30-A: MUNICIPALITIES AND COUNTIES
Chapter 206: DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS

Subchapter 1: DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS
FOR MUNICIPALITIES AND PLANTATIONS

§5221. FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF NECESSITY

1. Legislative finding. The Legislature finds that there is a need for new development in areas of municipalities and plantations to:

- A. Provide new employment opportunities; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]
- B. Improve and broaden the tax base; and [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]
- C. Improve the general economy of the State. [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

[2011, c. 101, §1 (AMD) .]

2. Authorization. For the reasons set out in subsection 1, municipalities and plantations may develop a program for improving a district of the municipality or plantation:

- A. To provide impetus for industrial, commercial, transit-oriented or arts district development, or any combination; [2009, c. 314, §1 (AMD).]
- B. To increase employment; and [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]
- C. To provide the facilities outlined in the development program adopted by the legislative body of the municipality or plantation. [2011, c. 101, §2 (AMD).]

[2011, c. 101, §2 (AMD) .]

3. Declaration of public purpose. It is declared that the actions required to assist the implementation of development programs are a public purpose and that the execution and financing of these programs are a public purpose.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW). 2007, c. 413, §1 (AMD). 2009, c. 314, §1 (AMD).
2011, c. 101, §§1, 2 (AMD).

§5222. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

1. Amenities. "Amenities" means items of street furniture, signs and landscaping, including, but not limited to, plantings, benches, trash receptacles, street signs, sidewalks and pedestrian malls.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

1-A. Arts district. "Arts district" means a specified area within the corporate limits of a municipality or plantation that has been designated by the municipality or plantation for the purpose of providing employment and cultural opportunities through the development of arts opportunities, including, but not limited to, museums, galleries, arts education, art studios, performing arts venues and associated businesses.

[2011, c. 101, §3 (AMD) .]

2. Captured assessed value. "Captured assessed value" means the amount, as a percentage or stated sum, of increased assessed value that is utilized from year to year to finance the project costs contained within the development program.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

3. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

4. Current assessed value. "Current assessed value" means the assessed value of the district certified by the municipal or plantation assessor as of April 1st of each year that the development district remains in effect.

[2011, c. 101, §4 (AMD) .]

5. Department. "Department" means the Department of Economic and Community Development.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

6. Development district. "Development district" means a specified area within the corporate limits of a municipality or plantation that has been designated as provided under sections 5223 and 5226 and that is to be developed under a development program.

[2011, c. 101, §5 (AMD) .]

7. Development program. "Development program" means a statement of means and objectives designed to provide new employment opportunities, retain existing employment, improve or broaden the tax base, construct or improve the physical facilities and structures or improve the quality of pedestrian and vehicular transportation, as described in section 5224, subsection 2.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

8. Downtown. "Downtown" means the traditional central business district of a community that has served as the center of socioeconomic interaction in the community, characterized by a cohesive core of commercial and mixed-use buildings, often interspersed with civic, religious and residential buildings and public spaces, that are typically arranged along a main street and intersecting side streets and served by public infrastructure.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

9. Downtown tax increment financing district. "Downtown tax increment financing district" means a tax increment financing district described in a downtown redevelopment plan that is consistent with the downtown criteria established pursuant to rules of the department.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

10. Financial plan. "Financial plan" means a statement of the project costs and sources of revenue required to accomplish the development program.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

10-A. Fisheries and wildlife or marine resources project. "Fisheries and wildlife or marine resources project" means a project approved by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife or the Department of Marine Resources undertaken for the purpose of improving public access to freshwater or saltwater fisheries and wildlife resources of the State for fishing, hunting, research or observation or for conservation or improvement of the freshwater or saltwater fisheries and wildlife resources of the State.

[2011, c. 675, §1 (NEW) .]

11. Increased assessed value. "Increased assessed value" means the valuation amount by which the current assessed value of a tax increment financing district exceeds the original assessed value of the district. If the current assessed value is equal to or less than the original, there is no increased assessed value.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

12. Maintenance and operation. "Maintenance and operation" means all activities necessary to maintain facilities after they have been developed and all activities necessary to operate the facilities, including, but not limited to, informational, promotional and educational programs and safety and surveillance activities.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

13. Original assessed value. "Original assessed value" means the assessed value of a development district as of March 31st of the tax year preceding the year in which it was designated and, for development districts designated on or after April 1, 2014, "original assessed value" means the taxable assessed value of a development district as of March 31st of the tax year preceding the year in which it was designated by the legislative body of a municipality or a plantation.

[2013, c. 184, §1 (AMD) .]

14. Project costs. "Project costs" means any expenditures or monetary obligations incurred or expected to be incurred that are authorized by section 5225, subsection 1 and included in a development program.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

15. Tax increment. "Tax increment" means real and personal property taxes assessed by a municipality or plantation, in excess of any state, county or special district tax, upon the increased assessed value of property in the development district.

[2011, c. 101, §6 (AMD) .]

16. Tax increment financing district. "Tax increment financing district" means a type of development district, or portion of a district, that uses tax increment financing under section 5227.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

17. Tax shifts. "Tax shifts" means the effect on a municipality's or plantation's state revenue sharing, education subsidies and county tax obligations that results from the designation of a tax increment financing district and the capture of increased assessed value.

[2011, c. 101, §7 (AMD) .]

18. Tax year. "Tax year" means the period of time beginning on April 1st and ending on the succeeding March 31st.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

19. Transit. "Transit" means transportation systems in which people are conveyed by means other than their own vehicles, including, but not limited to, bus systems, street cars, light rail and other rail systems.

[2009, c. 314, §2 (NEW) .]

20. Transit facility. "Transit facility" means a place providing access to transit services, including, but not limited to, bus stops, bus stations, interchanges on a highway used by one or more transit providers, ferry landings, train stations, shuttle terminals and bus rapid transit stops.

[2009, c. 314, §3 (NEW) .]

21. Transit-oriented development. "Transit-oriented development" means a type of development that links land use with transit facilities to support and be supported by a transit system. It combines housing with complementary public uses such as jobs, retail or services establishments that are located in transit-served nodes or corridors. Transit-oriented development is intended through location and design to rely on transit as one of the means of meeting the transportation needs of residents, customers and occupants as demonstrated through such factors as transit facility proximity, mixed uses, off-street parking space ratio less than industry standards, architectural accommodation for transit and marketing that highlights transit.

[2009, c. 314, §4 (NEW) .]

22. Transit-oriented development area. "Transit-oriented development area" means an area of any shape such that no part of the perimeter is more than 1/4 mile from an existing or planned transit facility.

[2009, c. 314, §5 (NEW) .]

23. Transit-oriented development corridor. "Transit-oriented development corridor" means a strip of land of any length and up to 500 feet on either side of a roadway serving as a principal transit route.

[2009, c. 314, §6 (NEW) .]

24. Transit-oriented development district. "Transit-oriented development district" means a tax increment financing district consisting of a transit-oriented development area or a transit-oriented development corridor.

[2009, c. 314, §7 (NEW) .]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW). 2007, c. 413, §2 (AMD). 2009, c. 314, §§2-7 (AMD). 2011, c. 101, §§3-7 (AMD). 2011, c. 675, §1 (AMD). 2013, c. 184, §1 (AMD).

§5223. DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS

1. Creation. A municipal or plantation legislative body may designate a development district within the boundaries of the municipality or plantation in accordance with the requirements of this chapter. If the municipality has a charter, the designation of a development district may not be in conflict with the provisions of the municipal charter.

[2011, c. 101, §8 (AMD) .]

2. Considerations for approval. Before designating a development district within the boundaries of a municipality or plantation, or before establishing a development program for a designated development district, the legislative body of a municipality or plantation must consider whether the proposed district or program will contribute to the economic growth or well-being of the municipality or plantation or to the betterment of the health, welfare or safety of the inhabitants of the municipality or plantation. Interested parties must be given a reasonable opportunity to present testimony concerning the proposed district or program at the hearing provided for in section 5226, subsection 1. If an interested party claims at the public hearing that the proposed district or program will result in a substantial detriment to that party's existing business in the municipality or plantation and produces substantial evidence to that effect, the legislative body must consider that evidence. When considering that evidence, the legislative body also shall consider whether any adverse economic effect of the proposed district or program on that interested party's existing business in the municipality or plantation is outweighed by the contribution made by the district or program to the economic growth or well-being of the municipality or plantation or to the betterment of the health, welfare or safety of the inhabitants of the municipality or plantation.

[2011, c. 101, §8 (AMD) .]

3. Conditions for approval. Designation of a development district is subject to the following conditions.

A. At least 25%, by area, of the real property within a development district must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- (1) Must be a blighted area;
- (2) Must be in need of rehabilitation, redevelopment or conservation work including a fisheries and wildlife or marine resources project; or
- (3) Must be suitable for commercial or arts district uses. [2011, c. 675, §2 (AMD) .]

B. The total area of a single development district may not exceed 2% of the total acreage of the municipality or plantation. The total area of all development districts may not exceed 5% of the total acreage of the municipality or plantation. [2011, c. 101, §8 (AMD) .]

C. The original assessed value of a proposed tax increment financing district plus the original assessed value of all existing tax increment financing districts within the municipality or plantation may not exceed 5% of the total value of taxable property within the municipality or plantation as of April 1st preceding the date of the commissioner's approval of the designation of the proposed tax increment financing district.

Excluded from the calculation in this paragraph is any district excluded from the calculation under former section 5253, subsection 1, paragraph C and any district designated on or after the effective date of this chapter that meets the following criteria:

- (1) The development program contains project costs, authorized by section 5225, subsection 1, paragraph A, that exceed \$10,000,000;
- (2) The geographic area consists entirely of contiguous property owned by a single taxpayer;
- (3) The assessed value exceeds 10% of the total value of taxable property within the municipality or plantation; and
- (4) The development program does not contain project costs authorized by section 5225, subsection 1, paragraph C.

For the purpose of this paragraph, "contiguous property" includes a parcel or parcels of land divided by a road, power line or right-of-way. [2011, c. 101, §8 (AMD) .]

D. [2013, c. 184, §2 (RP) .]

The conditions in paragraphs A to C do not apply to approved downtown tax increment financing districts, tax increment financing districts that consist solely of one or more community wind power generation facilities owned by a community wind power generator that has been certified by the Public Utilities Commission pursuant to Title 35-A, section 3403, subsection 3 or transit-oriented development districts.

[2013, c. 184, §2 (AMD) .]

4. Powers of municipality or plantation. Within development districts and consistent with the development program, the municipality or plantation may acquire, construct, reconstruct, improve, preserve, alter, extend, operate or maintain property or promote development intended to meet the objectives of the development program. Pursuant to the development program, the municipality or plantation may acquire property, land or easements through negotiation or by using eminent domain powers in the manner authorized for community development programs under section 5204. The municipality's or plantation's legislative body may adopt ordinances regulating traffic in and access to any facilities constructed within the development district. The municipality or plantation may install public improvements.

[2011, c. 101, §8 (AMD) .]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW). 2003, c. 451, §NNN1 (AMD). 2005, c. 646, §1 (AMD). 2007, c. 413, §3 (AMD). 2007, c. 693, §3 (AMD). 2007, c. 693, §37 (AFF). 2009, c. 314, §8 (AMD). 2009, c. 627, §1 (AMD). 2011, c. 101, §8 (AMD). 2011, c. 287, §1 (AMD). 2011, c. 675, §2 (AMD). 2011, c. 691, Pt. A, §31 (AMD). 2013, c. 184, §2 (AMD).

§5224. DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

1. Adoption. The legislative body of a municipality or plantation shall adopt a development program for each development district. The development program must be adopted at the same time as is the district, as part of the district adoption proceedings or, if at a different time, in the same manner as adoption of the district, with the same notice and hearing requirements of section 5226. Before adopting a development program, the municipal or plantation legislative body shall consider the factors and evidence specified in section 5223, subsection 2.

[2011, c. 101, §9 (AMD) .]

2. Requirements. The development program must include:

- A. A financial plan in accordance with subsections 3 and 4; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]
- B. A description of public facilities, improvements or programs to be financed in whole or in part by the development program; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]
- C. A description of commercial facilities, arts districts, transit expansion, improvements or projects to be financed in whole or in part by the development program; [2009, c. 314, §9 (AMD) .]
- D. Plans for the relocation of persons displaced by the development activities; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]
- E. The proposed regulations and facilities to improve transportation; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]
- F. The environmental controls to be applied; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]
- G. The proposed operation of the development district after the planned capital improvements are completed; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

H. The duration of the development district, which may not exceed a total of 30 tax years beginning with the tax year in which the designation of the development district is effective pursuant to section 5226 or, if specified in the development program, the subsequent tax year; and [2013, c. 184, §3 (AMD).]

I. All documentation submitted to or prepared by the municipality or plantation under section 5223, subsection 2. [2011, c. 101, §10 (AMD).]

[2013, c. 184, §3 (AMD).]

3. Financial plan for development program. The financial plan for a development program must include:

A. Cost estimates for the development program; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

B. The amount of public indebtedness to be incurred; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

C. Sources of anticipated revenues; and [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

D. A description of the terms and conditions of any agreements, contracts or other obligations related to the development program. [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

4. Financial plan for tax increment financing districts. In addition to the items required by subsection 3, the financial plan for a development program for a tax increment financing district must include the following for each year of the program:

A. Estimates of increased assessed values of the district; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

B. The portion of the increased assessed values to be applied to the development program as captured assessed values and resulting tax increments in each year of the program; and [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

C. A calculation of the tax shifts resulting from designation of the tax increment financing district. [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

5. Limitation. For tax increment financing districts, the municipality or plantation may expend the tax increments received for any development program only in accordance with the financial plan.

[2011, c. 101, §11 (AMD).]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW). 2007, c. 413, §4 (AMD). 2009, c. 314, §9 (AMD). 2011, c. 101, §§9-11 (AMD). 2013, c. 184, §3 (AMD).

§5225. PROJECT COSTS

1. Authorized project costs. The commissioner shall review proposed project costs to ensure compliance with this subsection. Authorized project costs are:

A. Costs of improvements made within the tax increment financing district, including, but not limited to:

(1) Capital costs, including, but not limited to:

(a) The acquisition or construction of land, improvements, public ways, buildings, structures, fixtures and equipment for public, arts district, new or existing recreational trail, commercial or transit-oriented development district use.

(i) Eligible transit-oriented development district capital costs include but are not limited to: transit vehicles such as buses, ferries, vans, rail conveyances and related equipment; bus shelters and other transit-related structures; benches, signs and other transit-related infrastructure; bicycle lane construction and other bicycle-related improvements; pedestrian improvements such as crosswalks, crosswalk signals and warning systems and crosswalk curb treatments; and the nonresidential commercial portions of transit-oriented development projects.

(ii) Eligible recreational trail-related development district capital costs include but are not limited to new or existing trails, including bridges that are part of the trail corridor, used all or in part for all-terrain vehicles, snowmobiles, hiking, bicycling, cross-country skiing or other related multiple uses, signs, crosswalks, signals and warning systems and other related improvements.

(iii) Eligible development district capital costs for public ways include but are not limited to scenic turnouts, signs, railing and other related improvements;

(b) The demolition, alteration, remodeling, repair or reconstruction of existing buildings, structures and fixtures;

(c) Site preparation and finishing work; and

(d) All fees and expenses that are eligible to be included in the capital cost of such improvements, including, but not limited to, licensing and permitting expenses and planning, engineering, architectural, testing, legal and accounting expenses;

(2) Financing costs, including, but not limited to, closing costs, issuance costs and interest paid to holders of evidences of indebtedness issued to pay for project costs and any premium paid over the principal amount of that indebtedness because of the redemption of the obligations before maturity;

(3) Real property assembly costs;

(4) Professional service costs, including, but not limited to, licensing, architectural, planning, engineering and legal expenses;

(5) Administrative costs, including, but not limited to, reasonable charges for the time spent by municipal or plantation employees in connection with the implementation of a development program;

(6) Relocation costs, including, but not limited to, relocation payments made following condemnation;

(7) Organizational costs relating to the establishment of the district, including, but not limited to, the costs of conducting environmental impact and other studies and the costs of informing the public about the creation of development districts and the implementation of project plans; and

(8) In the case of transit-oriented development districts, ongoing costs of adding to an existing transit system or creating a new transit service and limited strictly to transit operator salaries, transit vehicle fuel and transit vehicle parts replacements; [2011 , c. 101 , §12 (AMD) .]

B. Costs of improvements that are made outside the tax increment financing district but are directly related to or are made necessary by the establishment or operation of the district, including, but not limited to:

(1) That portion of the costs reasonably related to the construction, alteration or expansion of any facilities not located within the district that are required due to improvements or activities within the district, including, but not limited to, sewage treatment plants, water treatment plants or other environmental protection devices; storm or sanitary sewer lines; water lines; electrical lines; improvements to fire stations; and amenities on streets;

(2) Costs of public safety improvements made necessary by the establishment of the district; and

(3) Costs of funding to mitigate any adverse impact of the district upon the municipality or plantation and its constituents. This funding may be used for public facilities and improvements if:

- (a) The public facilities or improvements are located in a downtown tax increment financing district; and
- (b) The entire tax increment from the downtown tax increment financing district is committed to the development program of the tax increment financing district; [2011, c. 101, §13 (AMD) .]

C. Costs related to economic development, environmental improvements, fisheries and wildlife or marine resources projects, recreational trails or employment training within the municipality or plantation, including, but not limited to:

- (1) Costs of funding economic development programs or events developed by the municipality or plantation or funding the marketing of the municipality or plantation as a business or arts location;
- (2) Costs of funding environmental improvement projects developed by the municipality or plantation for commercial or arts district use or related to such activities;
- (3) Funding to establish permanent economic development revolving loan funds, investment funds and grants;
- (4) Costs of services and equipment to provide skills development and training, including scholarships to in-state educational institutions or to online learning entities when in-state options are not available, for jobs created or retained in the municipality or plantation. These costs must be designated as training funds in the development program;
- (5) Quality child care costs, including finance costs and construction, staffing, training, certification and accreditation costs related to child care;
- (6) Costs associated with new or existing recreational trails determined by the department to have significant potential to promote economic development, including, but not limited to, costs for multiple projects and project phases that may include planning, design, construction, maintenance, grooming and improvements with respect to new or existing recreational trails, which may include bridges that are part of the trail corridor, used all or in part for all-terrain vehicles, snowmobiles, hiking, bicycling, cross-country skiing or other related multiple uses;
- (7) Costs associated with a new or expanded transit service, limited to:
 - (a) Transit service capital costs, including but not limited to: transit vehicles such as buses, ferries, vans, rail conveyances and related equipment; bus shelters and other transit-related structures; and benches, signs and other transit-related infrastructure; and
 - (b) In the case of transit-oriented development districts, ongoing costs of adding to an existing transit system or creating a new transit service and limited strictly to transit operator salaries, transit vehicle fuel and transit vehicle parts replacements; and
- (8) Costs associated with the development of fisheries and wildlife or marine resources projects; and [2013, c. 184, §4 (AMD) .]

D. Costs of constructing or improving facilities or buildings leased by State Government or a municipal or plantation government that are located in approved downtown tax increment financing districts. [2011, c. 101, §15 (AMD) .]

[2013, c. 184, §4 (AMD) .]

2. Unauthorized project costs. Except as provided in subsection 1, paragraph D, the commissioner may not approve as a project cost the cost of facilities, buildings or portions of buildings used predominantly for the general conduct of government or for public recreational purposes, including, but not limited to, city

halls and other headquarters of government where the governing body meets regularly, courthouses, jails, police stations and other state and local government office buildings, recreation centers, athletic fields and swimming pools.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

3. Limitation. Tax increments received from any development program may not be used to circumvent other tax laws.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW). 2007, c. 413, §§5, 6 (AMD). RR 2009, c. 1, §22 (COR). 2009, c. 85, §1 (AMD). 2009, c. 126, §1 (AMD). 2009, c. 314, §§10, 11 (AMD). 2011, c. 101, §§12-15 (AMD). 2011, c. 102, §1 (AMD). 2011, c. 675, §3 (AMD). 2013, c. 184, §4 (AMD).

§5226. PROCEDURE

1. Notice and hearing. Before designating a development district or adopting a development program, the municipal or plantation legislative body or the municipal or plantation legislative body's designee must hold at least one public hearing. Notice of the hearing must be published at least 10 days before the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation within the municipality or plantation.

[2011, c. 101, §16 (AMD) .]

2. Review by commissioner. Before final designation of a tax increment financing district, the commissioner shall review the proposal to ensure that the proposal complies with statutory requirements. In the case of a downtown tax increment financing district, the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry and the Department of Transportation shall review the proposal and provide advice to assist the commissioner in making a decision under this subsection.

[2011, c. 655, Pt. JJ, §26 (AMD); 2011, c. 655, Pt. JJ, §41 (AFF); 2011, c. 657, Pt. W, §5 (REV) .]

3. Effective date. A designation of a tax increment financing district or a development program for a tax increment financing district is effective upon approval by the commissioner. A designation of a development district other than a tax increment financing district is effective upon approval by the municipal or plantation legislative body. A development program other than a development program for a tax increment financing district is effective upon adoption by the municipal or plantation legislative body.

[2013, c. 184, §5 (AMD) .]

4. Administration of district. The legislative body of a municipality or plantation may create a department, designate an existing department, office, agency, municipal housing or redevelopment authority or enter into a contractual arrangement with a private entity to administer activities authorized under this chapter.

[2011, c. 101, §18 (AMD) .]

5. Amendments. A municipality or plantation may amend a designated development district or an adopted development program only after meeting the requirements of this section for designation of a development district or adoption of a development program. A municipality or plantation may not amend the designation of a development district if the amendment would result in the district's being out of compliance with any of the conditions in section 5223, subsection 3.

[2011, c. 101, §19 (AMD) .]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW). 2011, c. 101, §§16-19 (AMD). 2011, c. 655, Pt. JJ, §26 (AMD). 2011, c. 655, Pt. JJ, §41 (AFF). 2011, c. 657, Pt. W, §5 (REV). 2013, c. 184, §5 (AMD).

§5227. TAX INCREMENT FINANCING

1. Designation of captured assessed value. A municipality or plantation may retain all or part of the tax increment revenues generated from the increased assessed value of a tax increment financing district for the purpose of financing the development program. The amount of tax increment revenues to be retained is determined by designating the captured assessed value. When a development program for a tax increment financing district is adopted, the municipal or plantation legislative body shall adopt a statement of the percentage of increased assessed value to be retained as captured assessed value in accordance with the development program. The statement of percentage may establish a specific percentage or percentages or may describe a method or formula for determination of the percentage. The municipal assessor or plantation assessor shall certify the amount of the captured assessed value to the municipality or plantation each year.

[2011, c. 101, §20 (AMD) .]

2. Certification of assessed value. On or after formation of a tax increment financing district, the assessor of the municipality or plantation in which it is located shall certify the original assessed value of the taxable property within the boundaries of the tax increment financing district. Each year after the designation of a tax increment financing district, the municipal assessor or plantation assessor shall certify the amount by which the assessed value has increased or decreased from the original value.

Nothing in this subsection allows or sanctions unequal apportionment or assessment of the taxes to be paid on real property in the State. An owner of real property within the tax increment financing district shall pay real property taxes apportioned equally with property taxes paid elsewhere in the municipality or plantation.

[2011, c. 101, §20 (AMD) .]

3. Development program fund; tax increment revenues. If a municipality or plantation has designated captured assessed value under subsection 1, the municipality or plantation shall:

A. Establish a development program fund that consists of the following:

(1) A project cost account that is pledged to and charged with the payment of project costs that are outlined in the financial plan and are paid in a manner other than as described in subparagraph (2); and

(2) In instances of municipal or plantation indebtedness, a development sinking fund account that is pledged to and charged with the payment of the interest and principal as the interest and principal fall due and the necessary charges of paying interest and principal on any notes, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness that were issued to fund or refund the cost of the development program fund; [2011, c. 101, §20 (AMD) .]

B. Annually set aside all tax increment revenues on captured assessed values and deposit all such revenues to the appropriate development program fund account established under paragraph A in the following order of priority:

(1) To the development sinking fund account, an amount sufficient, together with estimated future revenues to be deposited to the account and earnings on the amount, to satisfy all annual debt service on bonds and notes issued under section 5231 and the financial plan; and

(2) To the project cost account, an amount sufficient, together with estimated future revenues to be deposited to the account and earnings on the amount, to satisfy all annual project costs to be paid from the account; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

C. Make transfers between development program fund accounts established under paragraph A as required, provided that the transfers do not result in a balance in the development sinking fund account that is insufficient to cover the annual obligations of that account; and [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

D. Annually return to the municipal or plantation general fund any tax increment revenues remaining in the development sinking fund account established under paragraph A in excess of those estimated to be required to satisfy the obligations of the development sinking fund account after taking into account any transfers made under paragraph C. The municipality or plantation, at any time during the term of the district, by vote of the municipal or plantation officers, may return to the municipal or plantation general fund any tax increment revenues remaining in the project cost account established under paragraph A in excess of those estimated to be required to satisfy the obligations of the development project cost account after taking into account any transfer made under paragraph C. In either case, the corresponding amount of local valuation may not be included as part of the captured assessed value as specified by the municipality or plantation. [2011, c. 101, §20 (AMD).]

[2011, c. 101, §20 (AMD).]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW). 2011, c. 101, §20 (AMD).

§5228. ASSESSMENTS

1. Assessments. A municipality or plantation may estimate and make the following assessments:

A. A development assessment upon lots or property within the development district. The assessment must be made upon lots or property that have been benefited by improvements constructed or created under the development program and may not exceed a just and equitable proportionate share of the cost of the improvement. All revenues from assessments under this paragraph are paid into the appropriate development fund program account established under section 5227, subsection 3; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

B. A maintenance assessment upon all lots or property within the development district. The assessment must be assessed equally and uniformly on all lots or property receiving benefits from the development program and the continued operation of the public facilities. The total maintenance assessments may not exceed the cost of maintenance and operation of the public facilities within the district. The cost of maintenance and operation must be in addition to the cost of maintenance and operation already being performed by the municipality or plantation within the district when the development district was adopted; and [2011, c. 101, §21 (AMD).]

C. An implementation assessment upon all lots or property within the development district. The assessment must be assessed equally and uniformly on all lots or property receiving benefits from the development program. The implementation assessments may be used to fund activities that, in the opinion of the municipal or plantation legislative body, are reasonably necessary to achieve the purposes of the development program. The activities funded by implementation assessments must be in addition to those already conducted within the district by the municipality or plantation when the development district was adopted. [2011, c. 101, §21 (AMD).]

[2011, c. 101, §21 (AMD).]

2. Notice and hearing. Before estimating and making an assessment under subsection 1, the municipality or plantation must give notice and hold a hearing. Notice of the hearing must be published at least 10 days before the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation within the municipality or plantation. The notice must include:

- A. The date, time and place of hearing; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]
- B. The boundaries of the development district by legal description; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]
- C. A statement that all interested persons owning real estate or taxable property located within the district will be given an opportunity to be heard at the hearing and an opportunity to file objections to the amount of the assessment; [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]
- D. The maximum rate of assessments to be extended in any one year; and [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]
- E. A statement indicating that a proposed list of properties to be assessed and the estimated assessments against those properties is available at the city or town office or at the office of the assessor. [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW) .]

The notice may include a maximum number of years the assessments will be levied.

[2011, c. 101, §21 (AMD) .]

3. Apportionment formula. A municipality or plantation may adopt ordinances apportioning the value of improvements within a development district according to a formula that reflects actual benefits that accrue to the various properties because of the development and maintenance.

[2011, c. 101, §21 (AMD) .]

4. Increase of assessments and extension of time limits. A municipality or plantation may increase assessments or extend the specified period after notice and hearing as required under subsection 2.

[2011, c. 101, §21 (AMD) .]

5. Collection. Assessments made under this section must be collected in the same manner as municipal or plantation taxes. The constable or municipal tax collector or plantation assessor has all the authority and powers by law to collect the assessments. If any property owner fails to pay any assessment or part of an assessment on or before the dates required, the municipality or plantation has all the authority and powers to collect the delinquent assessments vested in the municipality or plantation by law to collect delinquent municipal or plantation taxes.

[2011, c. 101, §21 (AMD) .]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW). 2011, c. 101, §21 (AMD).

§5229. RULES

The commissioner may adopt rules necessary to carry out the duties imposed by this chapter and to ensure municipal or plantation compliance with this subchapter following designation of a tax increment financing district. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. [2011, c. 101, §22 (AMD) .]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW). 2011, c. 101, §22 (AMD).

§5230. GRANTS

A municipality or plantation may receive grants or gifts for any of the purposes of this chapter. The tax increment revenues within a development district may be used as the local match for certain grant programs. [2011, c. 101, §23 (AMD).]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW). 2011, c. 101, §23 (AMD).

§5231. BOND FINANCING

The legislative body of a municipality or plantation may authorize, issue and sell bonds, including, but not limited to, general obligation or revenue bonds or notes, that mature within 30 years from the date of issue to finance all project costs needed to carry out the development program within the development district. The plantation or municipal officers authorized to issue the bonds or notes may borrow money in anticipation of the sale of the bonds for a period of up to 3 years by issuing temporary notes and notes in renewal of the bonds. All revenues derived under section 5227 or under section 5228, subsection 1 received by the municipality or plantation are pledged for the payment of the activities described in the development program and used to reduce or cancel the taxes that may otherwise be required to be expended for that purpose. The notes, bonds or other forms of financing may not be included when computing the municipality's or plantation's net debt. Nothing in this section restricts the ability of the municipality or plantation to raise revenue for the payment of project costs in any manner otherwise authorized by law. [2013, c. 184, §6 (AMD).]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW). 2011, c. 101, §24 (AMD). 2013, c. 184, §6 (AMD).

§5232. TAX EXEMPTION

All publicly owned parking structures and pedestrian skyway systems are exempt from taxation by the municipality or plantation, county and State. This section does not exempt any lessee or person in possession from taxes or assessments payable under Title 36, section 551. [2011, c. 101, §25 (AMD).]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW). 2011, c. 101, §25 (AMD).

§5233. ADVISORY BOARD

The legislative body of a municipality or plantation may create an advisory board, a majority of whose members must be owners or occupants of real property located in or adjacent to the development district they serve. The advisory board shall advise the legislative body and the designated administrative entity on the planning, construction and implementation of the development program and maintenance and operation of the district after the program has been completed. [2011, c. 101, §26 (AMD).]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW). 2011, c. 101, §26 (AMD).

§5234. SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 5223, subsection 1 and any other provision of law, in the case of investments exceeding \$100,000,000 in shipyard facilities in districts authorized prior to June 30, 1999, revenues must be set aside and deposited by the municipality or plantation to the appropriate development program fund account established under section 5227, subsection 3 and expended to satisfy the obligations of the accounts without the need for further action by the municipality or plantation by appropriation or

otherwise. Unless otherwise provided by the municipality or plantation in connection with its approval of the district, tax increment revenues on all captured assessed value may not be taken into account for purposes of calculating any limitation on the municipality's or plantation's annual expenditures or appropriations, and the payment of tax increment revenues on captured assessed value is not subject to any limitation or restriction on the municipality's or plantation's authority or power to enter into contracts with respect to making payments for a term equal to the term of the district. [2011, c. 101, §27 (AMD).]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW). 2011, c. 101, §27 (AMD).

§5235. UNORGANIZED TERRITORY

For the purposes of this chapter, a county may act as a municipality for the unorganized territory within the county and may designate development districts within the unorganized territory. When a county acts under this section, the county commissioners act as the municipality and as the municipal legislative body, the State Tax Assessor acts as the municipal assessor and the unorganized territory fund receives the funds designated for the municipal general fund. For purposes of section 5228, the State acts as the municipal assessing authority. [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

SECTION HISTORY

2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).

Subchapter 2: STATE TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS

§5241. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

1. Base period. "Base period" means the 3 calendar years preceding the calendar year in which an application for approval of a state tax increment financing district is submitted to the commissioner by a municipality.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

2. Affiliated business. "Affiliated business" means 2 businesses exhibiting either of the following relationships:

A. One business owns 50% or more of the stock of the other business or owns a controlling interest in the other; or [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

B. Fifty percent of the stock or a controlling interest is directly or indirectly owned by a common owner or owners. [2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

3. Affiliated group. "Affiliated group" means a designated business and its corresponding affiliated businesses.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]

4. Captured assessed value. "Captured assessed value" means the amount, as a percentage or stated sum, of increased assessed value that is utilized from year to year to finance the project costs contained within the development program.

[2001, c. 669, §1 (NEW).]